Protocol for surrogate construction (Annealing method)

1. Prepare surrogate cloning vector:

Digest 5~10 μg of surrogate expressing vector with *KpnI* and *AgeI*, incubate at 37°C for overnight, then separate the restricted plasmid by electrophoresis using 1% agarose gel. The resulting surrogate cloning vector bearing two sticky ends, as depicted below, (~9.3kb) is then recovered by gel extraction kit. The purified vector is ready for ligation of annealed oligos (or a larger DNA fragment generated by PCR containing *KpnI / AgeI* protruding ends):

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EGFP CDS - Kpnl - Pmel - Afel - Agel - mCherry CDS

5'- gaagettggtac cgtttaaacagegeta ceggtatggtg -3'
3'- ettegaac catggcaaatttgtegegatggec ataccac -5'
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2. Prepare annealed oligos (sgRNA targeting sequence) for cloning:

1) Design sgRNA targeting sequence according to the genomic sequence:

To mimic sgRNA targeting to its authentic DNA template, the base-pairing region of sgRNA including PAM sequence (5'-N₂₀-NGG-3'; N=A, C, G or T) are cloned into the *Kpnl-Agel* sites in between EGFP and mCherry CDS. For generation of a reporter to detect CRISPR-mediated indel, please be sure that the mCherry CDS is out of frame relative to the open reading frame (ORF) of EGFP after cloning. Also, avoid potential in-frame STOP codon formation that may be generated after indel reaction in the spacer region of EGFP and mCherry genes.

To create oligomer pair containing sticky-ends for ligating to the *Kpnl* & *Agel*-digested surrogate cloning vector, add c at the 5' end of the sense oligo and put a at the 3' end of the sense oligo; in antisende strand oligo, add ccggt at the 5' end and put ggtac at the 3' end as depicted below:

Sense oligo: 5'-c-N₂₀-NGG-a-3'

Antisense oligo: 5'-ccggt-CCN-N₂₀-ggtac-3'

For example, if the target site is GGGCCACTAGGGACAGGAT<u>TGG</u> (5'-N₂₀-<u>NGG</u>-3'), the guide oligos will be:

Sense guide oligo: 5'-c-GGGGCCACTAGGGACAGGATTGG-a-3'

Antisense guide oligo: 5'-ccggt-CCAATCCTGTCCCTAGTGGCCCC-ggtac-3'

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- 2) Anneal oligos:
 - (1) Dissolve oligonucleotides into 100 µM with autoclaved distillated water.
 - (2) Prepare 10X annealing buffer:

1 M K-acetate

0.3 M HEPES-KOH pH7.4

20 mM Mg-acetate

(3) Set up annealing mixture:

Sense guide oligo 9 μl
Antisense guide oligo 9 μl
10X annealing buffer 2 μl

(4) Anneal mixture by PCR machine using the following parameters:

 95° C for 5 min then decrease to 4° C slowly (0.01 $^{\circ}$ C / sec),

dilute annealed oligos 100 X with autoclaved distillated water(for ligation)

(5) Set up ligation reaction mixture and ligation for O/N:

KpnI & AgeI-digested surrogate vector (100 ng) 2 μl diluted oligos 2 μl 10X ligation buffer 1 μl ligase (1 unit/μl) 1 μl ddH₂O final volume to 10 μl

(6) Transform into Stbl3 competent cells (optimal for lentivector).

Note: To generate a reporter for CRISPRi, the inserted DNA fragment should be in-frame relative to EGFP ORF and/or mCherry ORF. (The design strategy is different from the reporter used for detection of CRISPR-mediated indel).